Jrlf 12-21-79

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

In re:

IN BANKRUPTCY
No. 77-01088 Vol.
No. 77-01089 Vol.

ROBERT ALLEN HARDING and IDA BEAL HARDING

Bankrupts.

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND JUDGMENT

At Eau Claire, in said district, this 21st day of December, 1979.

The above named plaintiff having duly filed its Complaint in the above entitled matters praying that the debts due said plaintiff by the defendants are not dischargeable in these proceedings; and an Answer having been filed by the defendants; and a trial held in said matters; and the defendants having contended that said debts are dischargeable under the existing Bankruptcy Law prior to October 1, 1977, and amendments thereto; and the witnesses having been sworn; and the Court having considered the arguments of counsel and the briefs filed herein, and being fully advised in the premises, FINDS:

1. That each of the defendants duly filed a petition in bankruptcy on the 27th day of September, 1977.

2. That on the 17th day of January, 1978, the plaintiff filed a Complaint objecting to the dischargeability of the debts of said defendants, and thereafter on the 27th day of February, 1978, the defendants served their Answer thereto.

3. That at the first meeting of creditors the Court determined that the bankruptcy of Robert Allen Harding was a no asset case, granted the exemptions claimed, and filed a no asset Order; and that at said meeting the Court determined that the bankruptcy of Ida Beal Harding was an asset case and Lawrence J. Kaiser was appointed Trustee, and thereafter on the 23rd day of June, 1978, filed a no asset report as Trustee.

4. That the schedules in each of the cases are identical for all practical purposes and show the following summary of assets and liabilities:

DEBTS:

Secured Claims	\$ 8,486.04 45,566.86
Schedule A Total	\$54,052.90
PROPERTY:	
Deposits	\$ 1,000.00 1,290.00

	and Collections .	400.00
Wearing Apparel	and Personal	
	Possessions	720.00
Automobiles and	Other Vehicles	6,700.00
		\$10,110.00

There are no creditors listed on Schedule A-1 as having priority.

That the secured creditors are as follows:

Royal Credit Union	Market Value	Amount Due
419 Hastings Way Eau Claire, WI 54701	\$6,500.00	\$7,017.77
Security interest in 197	7 Pontiac Bonne	ville.

#2QL9Z7X147911 purchase money loan contracted jointly 8/77, original amount \$7,127.00. Not contingent, liquidated or disputed.

Recorded: 9/1/77 in Eau Claire County Register of Deed - Doc. #371993

Wickes Corp. <u>Market Value</u> <u>Amount Due</u> 5353 E. River Road Fridley, MN 55421 \$ 800.00 \$1,468.27 Security interest in living room furniture: couch, 4 tables, 4 chairs, 2 stools; original purchase price of \$1,468.27, contracted jointly in 9/77. Not contingent, liquidated or disputed.

Not recorded: Consumer credit transaction

Totals: \$7,300.00 \$8,486.04

That the unsecured creditors are as follows:

~	\sim		
N.,			
Affiliated Bank o 401 N. Segoe Road Madison, WI 53705	l	State guaranteed student Robert & Ida 8/76 and 5/77	\$4,406.00
Brown Nat'l Bank 2222 63rd Street Kenosha, WI 53141		Student loans, Robert & Ida, originally con- tracted 12/68 and 12/73	17,000.00
Georgia Dept. of 121 State Office Atlanta, GA 30334	Building	Student loan - Ida originally contracted 5/67. Co-signed by Mr. & Mrs. Roy Beal, 315 W. Roanoke Fitzgerald, GA 31750	2,398.75
Stanford Universi Stanford, CA 9430		NDSL student loan - Rober contracted 7/71	t 851.76
Stanford Universi Stanford, CA 9430		Rent owed for 1/72	145.83
Trust Co. of Geor P. O. Box 4418 Atlanta, GA 30302	-	State guaranteed student loans, Robert & Ida, contracted 3/71 and 9/71	6,800.00
University of GA Athens, GA 30601		NDSL student loans Robert & Ida, contracted 6/72	1,176.69
University of Pit Pittsburgh, PA 15		Student loan - Ida 11/69 co-signed gy Mr. & Mrs. Roy Beal, 315 W. Roanoke, Fitzgerald, GA 31750	
University of Wis 750 University Av Madison, WI 53706	venue	NDSL student loans - Robert & Ida, originally contracted 2/74	12,257.00
(None of these or disputed.)	debts are co	ntingent, liquidated	
		Total:	\$45,566.86
5. That	the bankrupt	s listed identical persona	l property
as follows:			
Sav	vings & Loan,	ited at Western Federal 829 W. Clairemont, 54701	\$ 1,000.00
Household Good Supplies &	ls,		
Furnishings:	Singer Sewin Radio - \$10. Zenith Color Living Room Wickes, se Beds and bed	sils - \$80.00 g Machine - \$150.00 00 TV - \$100.00 Furniture (secured by se A-2) - \$800.00 ding - \$100.00 cure - \$50.00	\$ 1,290.00
Books:			\$ 400.00

Wearing Appare	el & Jewelry:	Clothing (Rober Ida - \$200.00 Wedding ring - Watch - \$50.00		\$720.00
Automobiles:	1977 Pontiac \$6,500.00 (Se Credit Union	Bonneville, #2Q0 curity interest - See A-2)	59Z7X147911 by Royal	
	1966 Buick Ri \$200.00	viera, #494876H9	956020	\$6,700.00
			Total:	\$10,110.00

That each of the defendants claimed as exemptions the following property:

Books All property located Clothing at Apt. 209, 716 W. Jewelry Grand Ave., Eau Claire Zenith TV WI 54701 Radio Singer Sewing Maching Beds and Bedding	815.18 (2) 815.18 (5) 815.18 (5) 815.18 (5) 815.18 (5) 815.18 (9) 815.18 (5)	\$ 400.00 320.00 400.00 100.00 10.00 150.00 100.00
Cooking Utensils	815.18 (5)	80.00
Other Furnishings 1966 Buick Riviera	815.18 (5)	50.00
#494876H956020	815.18 (6)	200.00
Savings Account, Western Federal Savings & Loan 829 W. Clairemont	815.18 (22)	1,000.00
Eau Claire, WI 54701		\$ 2,810.00

6. That the bankrupts are husband and wife each holding a masters degree (his in finance and hers in elementary education) and that they have no dependents.

7. That with the exception of the rent debt of \$145.83 due to Stanford University all of the other debts listed arise out of various student loans in the total sum of \$45,421.03.

8. That Mr. Harding is an instructor at the University of Wisconsin-Eau Claire, and Mrs. Harding is a parttime instructor at the University of Wisconsin-Eau Claire, and that a great deal of the student loans involved in these cases arose out of defendants studying for their PhD's, which work they had completed but had not passed the requirements for said degree.

9. That the plaintiff, its representatives and its attorney have prepared and filed a meticulous and careful documentation of the student loan applications and payments made by the defendants, and several charts were offered in evidence as well as a large, easily understandable chart relative to the applications.

10. That the plaintiff contends that the defendants understated their indebtedness on various applications as follows:

Rober	t	Amount of Understatement
500.00 1,500.00	10-23-73 9-10-74 7-21-75 9-25-75 4-22-75	\$4,080 7,485 5,450 10,635 10,203
Ida		Amount of Understatement
2,000.00 386.00 2,114.00 2,000.00 249.00	10-8-73 10-30-74 6-21-75 10-11-75 8-23-76 4-21-77 7-8-77	\$1,200 5,600 6,600 8,265 4,165 5,245 7,245

11. That the present law relative to student loans was amended to take effect on September 30,1977, and which present law provides for the five year suspension as well as the provision for release upon the Court finding undue hardship on the bankrupt or his dependents. In fact, Section 439 A of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, reads:

> "(a) A debt which is a loan insured or guaranteed under the authority of this part may be released by a discharge in bankruptcy under the Bankruptcy Act only if such discharge is granted after the five-year period (exclusive of any applic-able suspension of the repayment period) beginning on the date of commencement of the repayment period of such loan, except that prior to the expiration of that five-year period, such loan may be released only if the court in which the proceeding is pending determines that payment from future income or other wealth will impose an undue hardship on the debtor or his dependents. (b) Subsection (a) of this section shall be effective with respect to any proceed-ings begun under the Bankruptcy Act on or

after September 30, 1977.'

Thus, with the filing of these cases on September 27, 1977, the question of time of repayment and hardship does not apply.

The plaintiff bases its Complaint requesting non-12. dischargeability of said debts by the use of false and misleading

representations, as follows:

"5. In connection with that business the abovenamed bankrupts obtained the principal amounts previously set forth from plaintiff's assignors by the use of false and misleading misrepresentations. Plaintiff's assignors relied upon the representations made by the bankrupts as to their intent to repay said loans."

13. That at the pre-trial hearing a discussion was held relative to including the National Direct Student Loans made by the University of Wisconsin in the objection, and counsel now disagree as to the approach agreed upon in these proceedings relative thereto, the plaintiff's position being that the NDSL loans would be included and the defendants' position being that the matter is limited to the guaranteed student loans set forth in the original objection to dischargeability.

14. The Court will consider the two loans involved in the issues tried in this case and will not leave part of the case undecided for further litigation in another Court.

15. The plaintiff has made considerable argument as to defendants' fraudulent intent from the inception of the loans, basing its position primarily on a belief that defendants did not intend to repay the loans from the start because of a concept that they had to be very successful in life; that they had no pressing financial problems and filed bankruptcy, and that said facts are enough to draw a conclusion of fraudulent intent and further arguing that mental reservation is, in fact, an intent not to repay from the outset and constitutes fraud.

16. That defendants testified they intended to repay the loans when they obtained them and there is no evidence they did not intend to repay them other than the conclusion from the circumstantial evidence above stated.

17. That the second position by the plaintiff is that the applications by the defendants were false and misleading based upon the above figures showing an understatement of debts.

18. That defendants testified they did not realize they should include the loans they had guaranteed for each other as affecting their total indebtedness.

19. That all of the debts as to the direct loans with

cross-guarantees were within the knowledge of the plaintiff and available to the original loaning banks.

20. That defendants contend there was no misleading the plaintiff or the banks and no intent to defraud relative to the loan applications.

21. The position of the plaintiff is best expressed herein by including as a quote the conclusion in its brief:

> "The purpose of bankruptcy is to relieve honest debtors of the crushing burdens of debt. The Hardings, however, have turned the bankruptcy proceedings into a device to defraud the government and the lenders.

With the student loans the Hardings were able to obtain extensive education and thereby remunerative employment. At the present time the Hardings have a combined income exceeding Thirty Thousand Dollars (\$30,000.00), and no pressing creditors.

They are not honest debtors seeking relief, but are rather callous manipulators who, having taken advantage of a unique and fine government sponsored program, now seek to only escape the reasonable obligations imposed by the program."

22. The plaintiff further contends that the debts were not provable at the time of the filing of bankruptcy and cites several cases in support thereof, and defendants contend, among other things, that the indebtedness was provable, was established and was existing and "absolutely owing" at the time of the signing of the original promissory notes, and that it was not necessary as contended by the plaintiff that later "pay out" agreements be executed.

23. That after a careful consideration of all of the evidence, the various exhibits and the testimony of the respective parties, it appears to the Court that the plaintiff has not sustained its position to deny the dischargeability of the indebtedness as set forth in the schedules.

24. That the plaintiff has not carried its burden as to sufficient evidence in this case to warrant a judgment on the grounds alleged in its Complaint.

25. That the evidence is insufficient from the conclusions of the circumstantial evidence to sustain the contention of fraud.

26. That the evidence of intent not to repay the loans from the inception is not sufficiently proven.

That the understatement of the indebtedness as to 27. the inclusion of the guaranteed loans as explained by the defendants is a satisfactory explanation of the claim of the plaintiff as to the mis-statement in the applications.

28. That the student loan obligations were matured prior to the bankruptcy filings and were provable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

That judgment should be entered dismissing the plaintiff's Complaint and granting a discharge to each of the defendants herein without costs to either party.

JUDGMENT

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED AND ADJUDGED:

That the plaintiff's Complaint be and the same is 1. hereby dismissed upon the merits and without costs to either party.

That any indebtedness claimed by said plaintiff be 2. and the same is hereby subject to discharge and release in accordance with the provision of the Bankruptcy Act.

That the aforesaid indebtedness, if any, so claimed 3. of the bankrupts to the plaintiff, including the National Direct Student Loans, be and the same are hereby discharged and released.

4. Any judgment heretofore or hereafter obtained in any Court other than this Court in respect of the aforesaid indebtedness is null and void as a determination of the personal liability of the bankrupts in connection with the said indebtedness

5. Wisconsin Higher Educational Aids Board be, and it hereby is enjoined from instituting or commencing any action or employing any process to collect the aforesaid indebtedness as a personal liability of the above named bankrupts.

BY THE COURT:

Bankruptcy Judge